



THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

OPEN TO BOTH PARTIES—THE ORGAN OF NEITHER.

VOLUME 5.

CYNTHIANA, KY., THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1855.

NUMBER 14.

ADVERTISING RATES.

OFFICE IN TRINNEL'S BLOCK.

South-west corner of Main and Pike sts.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Two dollars a year in advance, or the equivalent in monthly payments.

One dollar for six months, and fifty cents for three months.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

For advertising, see separate list of rates.

MY LAST ADVENTURE.

GOLCONDA, Dec. 24, 1854.

Editor Cynthiana News:

Stu—The other morning while snugly ensconced between the blankets, with my senses steeped in dreamy forgetfulness, I was suddenly awakened by a gentle pull at my nose, accompanied with the words—

"My dear, the sun is certainly an hour high; hadn't you better get up?"

I opened first one eye and then the other, yawned, turned slightly over and threw my arms around my wife—for I am a married man, sir—and, kissing the nectar from her rose lips, said, "No."

"But you must," said she, "breakfast is nearly ready, and there is not a teaspoonful of sugar in the house."

"Huh!" said I, "what do I care for that? I can drink milk."

"But I can't," replied she, "I must have coffee, and sugar in it, of course."

"Pshaw! that's nothing; you can do without it for once; besides, I doubt very much whether any store is yet open."

"Mr. Rich, you know, opens his store quite early."

"Mr. Rich; fiddlesticks! he's asleep, and—"

And here, sir, I again closed my visual organs, and was about to become once more wrapped in Elysium, when my wife—restless little creature that she is—gave my shoulder an energetic shake, and, in a sharper tone of voice than she is wont to use, demanded—

"Do you refuse to go?"

"Certainly," replied I; "it is really out of the question—it is, indeed, a matter too trivial to—"

"Say not another word," said she, rising up in bed, "I can go myself."

"Hold, my dear!" exclaimed I, "I will go this instant."

And thereupon I leaped out hastily, dressed myself, and called forth. The air was keen and piercing, and I buttoned my paletot close up to the chin and hurried along over the frosty pavement, with a quick and heavy step. Just as I was turning a well known corner, I observed an old man, fifty-five or sixty years of age, dressed in a suit of black, with a wooden comb twisted around his neck, crossing the street. When about half way across the street he suddenly stopped, and, fixing his eyes upon a small stone immediately before him, said—

"That it—that's the great secret of happiness, the very object which is at this time knocking up such an intolerable uproar all over the world—and so I have found it here in the street."

Having said which, he stooped down, poked up the stone and deposited it in a rebus in his vest pocket. Not a little astonished at the singularity of this proceeding, I stood up and asked—

"Sir, permit me to solicit from you an explanation of this, to me, inexplicable mystery, now met with the small people which you have just placed in your pocket?"

"Sir," replied the old gentleman, turning round and fixing upon me a pair of oblique eyes, the expressions of which were undeniably keen and penetrating, "I perceive that you, like all other persons whose lives are devoted to the accumulation of wealth, are labouring under a mental hallucination, and more remarkable for its severity than for the very extraordinary but peculiar cause of its origin."

"Indeed," replied I, "you speak in parables."

"Just as I expected," said he, as if soliciting to himself, "so long as the mind of man is wrapped in a perpetual mantle of obscurity, just so long will he be incapable of beholding things in their only true and legitimate light. Dissipate the fog of ignorance—remove this ancient cobwebbed veil of mystery, and he will perceive the glorious rays of truth streaming directly upon his hitherto darkened path. Not at all," continued he, looking up and speaking in a louder tone, "as I shall now proceed to convince you. Did you observe what I picked up?"

"It was a small stone, I believe."

"Indeed it was not," said he, drawing the identical stone from his pocket, and presenting it to me; "there, examine it yourself."

Taking it in my hand, I turned it over several times, and endeavored to discover some peculiarity in its composition that would afford a sufficient reason for not calling it a stone, but failing to perceive any, I returned it to him, saying, "I confess, sir, that I am wholly unable to perceive any quality about it that would warrant me in changing my opinion."

"Very true," replied he, "you solemnly believe it is a stone. Your belief, under the circumstances is perfectly natural, sustained, as it is, by the principle of reasoning adopted by mankind; but I tell you, a greater inconsistency—a more positive absurdity could not well exist."

"Pshaw!" said I, "you are crazy. If not a stone pray what is it?"

"Casting a hurried glance around, as if to see whether any body was near, he bent forward and whispered—

"Gold!"

"Indeed," said I, "and by what process of prement logic do you propose to make that fact clear?"

"By the simplest in the world, sir. Will you please to accompany me to my room?"

My first impulse was to decline, but, on reflecting a moment I resolved to go, for, as you are doubtless aware, sir, my curiosity was, by this time, highly excited, although I regarded the uncouth gentleman as not being more than a dourhearted fool or madman. So I replied—

"With pleasure, sir; lead the way?"

Proceeding to a frame-house immediately across the street, we entered a dirty looking room, containing one bed, a table, two chairs, and a fire place, in which were burning the fragrant of what had apparently once been a water wheel. Having looked the door inside, the gentleman hung the key upon a nail over the

mantle-piece, and then brought his foot smartly down upon the hearth stone, which sprung up like the lid of a watch, and disclosed a flight of steps leading down to a small cavity, walled up with brick and affording scarcely space enough to admit two persons standing upright. Upon reaching the bottom, I began wondering what would follow next, when I suddenly became aware that the floor or bottom of the cell in which we were standing, was sinking, and letting us down into a deep round hole in the earth. I was about to express my astonishment at this, when my eccentric conductor tapped me on the shoulder and remarked—

"Rather queer, isn't it?"

"Decidedly so," replied I, "I am at a loss to—"

But the sentence was cut short by the appearance of a light beneath us, and looking down I discovered that we were standing upon the top of a huge piston, which was gradually descending with us into a large and brilliantly lighted room. When it had reached a level with the floor, it stopped, and the old gentleman, stepping off, motioned me to a chair, saying—

"Pray be seated, and listen while I explain to you the mystery connected with the stone which you saw me pick up in the street. But," continued he, drawing a chair towards me, "before we proceed any further it will be necessary for you to solemnly promise, upon your word and honor as a man, that you will never inform any person of your visit to this place, nor reveal to any living mortal the secret which I am now about to confide in your keeping. Will you do this?"

I deliberated a few minutes and replied—

"I will."

"It is well for you that you have done so, resumed he, seating himself in the chair; "for if you had not you would never have been suffered to depart from this place alive. And now to commence—"

"This small stone has been used by me as a means to induce you to accompany me to this place. My object is to make to you certain disclosures, profiting by which you may hereafter, if you are so disposed, become as rich and powerful as you may desire. This room in which we are now sitting—the locality, my even existence of which is not suspected by any one in Golconda—is the counting room of the most extensive and successful counterfeiting establishment in the whole world. It was established in 18—

since which time it has been gradually extending itself and acquiring members, until it now of funds employment to over 100,000 persons, and possesses nearly 2,000,000 members, a large portion of whom are respectable and influential citizens of the United States. This, you will not wonder to you when I tell you that its issues are current with such commendable success all over the land, its operations conducted with such singular discretion and sagacity and so successful, that detection is wholly impossible. To enable you to clearly understand this, I will give you a brief outline of the manner in which the business is conducted.

In the first place, I may mention that I am the only person in town belonging to the organization. I have revealed, as you are doubtless aware in the house above for the last ten or twelve years, during which time I have acted in the capacity of messenger, or outside sentinel. My duties are to procure supplies for those below; assist them in entering and leaving the premises, to keep possession of the house above, and to perform various other similar services unnecessary to be mentioned. That red door which you see yonder, opens to a long passage leading to a large room in which from twenty to thirty persons are constantly engaged in the designing, engraving, filling out and inspecting of counterfeit bank notes, as well as in the manufacturing of counterfeit gold and silver coins. Not one of these persons are known in town; indeed, they are never sent here except when apparently stopping a few days at a hotel, which but rarely occurs, as they generally contrive to reach town after dark, and are not, therefore, compelled to loiter round through the day, watching for an opportunity to enter my house. In this way, seven or eight hundred persons have managed to visit the establishment during the last year without being observed by the citizens of Golconda. You remarked yesterday in Brown's drug store that you could not imagine how my small family consumed such a large quantity of provisions. You now know the reason. But let us hasten. Up to 1841, we had been eminently successful in our business, yet we were not safe from detection and exposure. All experience had taught us the downright folly and madness of entering hastily gotten up counterfeits. Even the best imitations we had gotten up were easily detected by competent judges, and hence arose the necessity of carrying the art to a higher degree of perfection than it had ever before attained. To accomplish this, we proceeded, in 18—, several of different denominations on the State Bank of —, and placed them in the hands of five of our most skillful engravers, with instructions to carefully, critically, and minutely study their every feature and appearance with unobscured application for one year. At the end of the time, each engraver proceeded to work upon some produced an imitation of the genuine note. These imitations, although far better than such as were being daily detected by experienced judges, were, nevertheless, carefully compared with the genuine notes, the slightest difference noted, and then thrown aside, with directions to have new ones engraved. After repeating this experiment one time we succeeded, in 18—, in producing a series of counterfeits that defied detection. I say defied detection; for, with a view to thoroughly test their features, we struck and filled out a few notes as soon as the plates were finished, placed an almost inextinguishable wax upon each, and then, having mixed them with several new genuine notes, delivered the whole

to a committee of five—each of whom was a good judge of money, and had never before seen the imitations—with directions to separate the spurious from the genuine. After closely and diligently examining them for three days, they reported that the only difference which they discerned between the notes, consisted in a small speck or dot, on the tree represented in the vignette as being cut down, on five of the notes, but that whether those which had that mark on them were the spurious or the genuine, they were wholly unable to determine. Of course, the mark referred to was the private one which we had placed on the spurious notes. But this was not the only proof we had of their being exact copies of the genuine. We soon discovered, to our inexpressible surprise and delight, that the two issues were so precisely alike, that it was absolutely impossible for even our engravers, pensmen, or any other persons in our establishment to detect the slightest difference between them. Well, sir, having achieved this great triumph of skill, we were not slow, as you may readily imagine, in availing ourselves of the advantages it afforded us. We immediately commenced sending our issues into the world. We despatched agents, loaded down with them, to every nook and corner of the country, instructed to turn them into gold or good paper as soon as possible. In one month we accumulated over \$579,000, and in the last six months we have cleared over \$13,000,000, besides making for every person in our employ an independent fortune. We now keep our presses running day and night, striking off our issues, and seventeen persons constantly engaged in filling them out, whilst our agents are travelling through the U. S. in every direction, dealing in stocks, real estate, steamboats, horses, cattle, hogs, and, in fact every thing that will enable them to transform the spurious notes into gold. And now, sir," continued the old gentleman, stopping me familiarly on the knee, "for reasons unnecessary to be mentioned, we desire to have an agent or member of our fraternity in Golconda, and having inferred from certain little disclosures which you have permitted us to extend to you, that you are a person of great energy and business, we have concluded to offer the situation to you."

"Sir," said I, endeavoring to recover from the surprise and astonishment with which his narrative and sudden proposition had overwhelmed me, "your opinion of my character is evidently based on false pretences. I am wholly unacquainted with having performed any act that would induce you to make such a proposition—and I am certain—"

"What," exclaimed he, rising and taking a stone from his pocket, "do you mean to say that you refuse to become a member of our organization?"

"I do."

"Take that then," said he, hurling at my head a stone, which struck me with such tremendous force in the forehead, that I opened my eyes to their widest extent and—discovered my wife standing beside the bed with the broom stuck poised above my head.

"The demon!" said I, "it's all a dream."

"No it is not," replied she, again throwing my head with the broomstick, "the servant brought the sugar an hour ago, and here I have been waiting and waiting!"

And the truth is, sir, I had been sound asleep, and it was all a dream—madam's assertion to the contrary, notwithstanding.

Yours devotedly, JOHN JENKINS.

A Tough Yarn.

There is a place in Maine so rocky that when the down-easters plant corn they look for crevices in the rocks, and shoot the grins in with a musket; they can't raise ducks there, no how, for the stones are so thick the ducks can't get their bills between them to pick up the grass-hoppers, and the only way the sheep can get at the sprigs of grass, is by grinding their noses on a grindstone.

But that ain't a circumstance to a locality on the Eastern Shore; there land is so poor, that it takes two kildears to say "Kildear," and on a clear day you can see the grass hoppers climb upon a mullen stalk and look with tears in their eyes over a fifty acre field; and the humble bees have to go down on their knees to get at the grass; all the musquitos die of starvation, and the turkey buzzards had to emigrate.

But there is a county in Virginia, that can beat that. There the land is so sterile that when the wind is at the north-west they have to tie their children to keep them from being blown away; there it takes six frogs to see a man, and when the dogs bark they have to lean against fences; the horses are so thin that it takes twelve of them to make a shadow, and when they kill a deer they have to hold him up to knock him down.

Poor inducements are certainly held out to emigrants to the above localities. But, we know a town that had fattened on the vapors of a dungeon," in the county in Virginia referred to, which was unable to croak on the second, and demised on the third day after its arrival in one of the pine hill counties of North Carolina.

The Last Yankee Story—A lad passing through New Hampshire, observed the following notice on a board.

Horses taken into grass. Long tail—three shillings and sixpence, short tail—two shillings. The lady asked the owner of the land the reason for the difference of price. He answered, "You see, ma'am, the long tails can brush away the flies, but the short tails are so tormented by them that they can hardly eat at all."

MAYSVILLE AND LEXINGTON RAILROAD.

The Receiver, Eben Milton, Esq., appointed by an order of the Fayette Circuit Court, to take charge of the effects of the Maysville and Lexington railroad company, proceeded to the execution of his trust on Monday last, and on Tuesday (yesterday) that portion of the road lying between this city and Paris was leased by him to the Covington and Lexington railroad company. The extent of the lease is eight months—the sum paid, \$1250 per month; the first five months' rent to be expended in putting the road in perfect running order. It is the intention of the Covington company to widen the gauge at once so as to correspond with their gauge and enable them to run through from Covington to this city, without break. The contract was closed yesterday.

[Lexington Observer.]

A gentleman who recently met a boy on horseback, crying with cold, said to the lad, "Why don't you get down and lead your horse awhile; that's the way to get warm."

"It's a borrowed horse," replied the lad "and I'll ride it if I freeze."

A Rich Letter.

The Troy Daily Times says that a clergyman of that city married a young couple one evening last week. After the ceremony had been performed one of the groomsmen slyly handed the reverend gentleman the following note, containing a ten dollar bill, as his "fee" for tying the knot:

"MY VERY DEAR SIR—You did me up brown last evening, and I thank you for the very agreeable manner in which you performed the service of either rendering me one of the happiest or one of the most miserable and unfortunate of beings. I sincerely trust and believe the latter will be the case. My wife, that is Mrs. —, is also duly grateful for your instrumentality in making her what she so long desired to be—a wife; but she don't care a fig whether she's happy or not—she's got a man now, and that is enough."

Please accept the enclosed \$10 bill. The tightness of the money market prevents a heavier remittance. I will, however, enter into an arrangement with you. My wife and myself intend to see what can be done in the way of assisting a Bannan's baby shop next summer. If we get a prize, we'll divide the profits with you.

Yours, matrimonially, —."

Love and Law—A young lawyer, who had paid his court to a young lady without much advancing his suit, accused her one day of being insensible of "the power of love."

"It does not follow," she archly replied, "that I am so because I am not to bewon by 'the power of attorney'."

A Nice Crow.

A somewhat fond and jealous wife, whose suspicions of peevishness had been cavalierly met by her husband stopping her mouth with the saying, "O, that is a nice crow for you to pick," came at last to her dying bed, round which stood her mourning spouse and fine young family. Heaving a heavy sigh, she thus addressed the former:

"My dearest Charles, I cannot depart in peace without confiding to you the secret of an inconsistency—the only one of which I was ever guilty towards you—but which it shocks me to

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

CHINA HALL,
IS NOW OPEN!
J. & BROS.' OLD STATED, CORNER
THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS,
COVINGTON, KY.

Respectfully invited to call and examine our large and well-selected stock of China, Glass and Ware, consisting in part of White Iron, Stone, Blue and Red, French, China, Tea and Dinner sets, of White, Gold Band, and Fancy patterns, in full sale marble plates, Flower Vases, Our stock of Flowers is large and complete; having, so large a stock, we are confident of suiting all tastes. Britannia Ware, &c.—China Plates, Sugar, Cream, and Coffee-Pots, Silver-Hykes, Spoons, and Butter Knives, Kniters and Wafers, Solar Lamps, Candelabras, Hall Lamps, Washbasins, Hair, Water Coolers, Foot Bathing-Tubs, and Water-Cans, to go with Toilet Sets, &c., and price agree, with a large stock of different kinds of Goods, such as, Low-knee-Glasses, &c., all of which were previously sold at VERY LOW PRICES. Also, a large stock of Boston and Pittsburgh Glass Ware.
BALDWIN & HOWELL.

FAMILY GROCERY
J. W. FARRELL,
COT-ST., OPPOSITE LOWER MARKET,
COVINGTON, KY.

I wish to hand a general supply of the best Family Groceries, to be found in this market, which he will sell low for cash.

All articles will by him are warranted to be just as represented, if the money is returned.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention, and one call will always give us satisfaction.

Our goods from the country may be seen at J. W. Farrell's, where you banks are drawn-in—But Farrell is taking orders for his notes for Groceries down.

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

SZ. Bull's Sarsaparilla on hand, and for sale,
J. L. MAGEE.

LIVER COMPLAINT

[illegible]

side, back, chest, arms, etc. Sudden flashes of electricity in the head, and other unexplainable manifestations of cold, great depression of spirits.

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTER

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, equaled, by any other preparation in the United States as the result testifies in many cases after skillful physicians have failed.

These letters are worthy of the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases, the liver and urinary glands, everything the most exact in the way of weakness and affections of the lesser organs, they are, without sale, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

H. W. Chaney, Millersburg, Ky., Oct. 16, 1852, says: "Having sob your letters some time, I find it has great satisfaction in every instance that has come under my notice."

Nelson & Edwards, Salvisa, Ky., June 2d, 1851, say: "We rejoice to inform you that this costly medicine is a valuable, but unimpaired, the exalted reputation."

J. T. & J. W. Berry, Untown, Ky., July 29, said: "We have heard of many cures performed by the Dr. Hoodland's German Bitters, and believe it to valuable medicine."

J. Grant, Irvine, Ky., June 29, '32, said: "We succeeded in introducing your Hoodland Bitters; please send us more and order purchase them by the half dozen."

Dr. P. Estie & Bro, Knoxville, Tenn., April 9, said: "Your Bitters are now selling very fast, and a person that has used it, so far as we have been told."

These Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE; they invigorate and strengthen the system, never prostrate it, and are used for infants as well as adults.

For sale by respectable dealers everywhere.

Sold by C. A. WEBSTER, Cythiana, NEWTON HUBBARD, Calemerville, G. S. BOWWOLD, Leesburg, R. C. WHITEHEAD, Claysville, and by Druggists and dealers in Medicines everywhere.

(Feb 19-1901)

Sand's Sarsaparilla,

IN QUART BOTTLES.

For Rheumatism, Dropsy, and all

For **Enlarging the Blood, and Treating** (use of the) **Chlorosis, Anemia, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Fever Sore, Erysipelas, Pimples, Necrotic Diseases, Cutaneous Eruption, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Consumption, Female Complaints, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, &c.**

IN this preparation all the restorative properties of the root are concentrated in their utmost strength and efficacy, but while the preparation is still an important part of its combination it is, at the same time, compounded with other vegetable remedies of great power, as is in the peculiar combination and scientific manner its preparation, that its remarkable success in the cure

disease depends. It acts simultaneously upon the stomach, the circulation and the bowels, and thus three processes, which are ordinarily the result of three different kinds of medicine, are carried out at the same time. It is a tonic, in that it does not irritate, but gently stimulates while it disinfects and expels from the stomach and bowels all that is irritating, and, at the same time, restores their vigor and tone. Many other preparations irritate it in bearing the name of Sarsaparilla, in that their resorbable ends, being often prepared with worthless and inert roots, and, of course, possess no tonic or curative properties, and patients in making use of which they would be no other, but that they are not aware of it.

has effected no living witnesses, whose testimonials
residence have been published, and who are still be-
ing testimony to its worth.

ASTONISHING CURE.

PATERSON, N. Y., 30th 18
Messrs. A. R. & D. Sledge, Gentlemen—Having wit-
of the most beneficial effects from the use of your S-
pills, in cases of rheumatism, I send you the follo-
statement in regard to my son. In the spring of
I was a severe cold, and after eight weeks of severe
suffered great ease, settled in his leg and foot, which
swelled to the thigh. The swelling was treated by
physician, and discharged most profusely; after the

We had five different physicians, but none relieved my pain. I was unable to enter food, so I contacted a friend who was unable to help me, and suffering from the same problem. During this time he had become much affected, but piece after piece came out, of which less now more than twenty five presented in a bottle coming from one heel to one and a half inches in length. We had given up all hopes of recovery, but at this time we were induced by Dr. Sarsaparilla, and within six weeks health and appetite had gradually returned. I am now again able to eat, and I urge that you also try this efficacious and perfect cure.

Winifred L. Tremaine, Jersey town.

We, the undersigned, neighbors of St. Ballard, cor-
 dially subscribe to the above statement.
 H & R. S. Hays, J. M. Frothingham
 Geo. L. Dean, C. Eastwood
 Preparation and Wholesale at a distance, by A. B.
 CANNON, Druggist and Chemist, 101 Sullivan-st., Cor-
 Cornhill & N. Y. Selling through generally from
 the United States and Canada. Price \$1 per bottle
 bottles to \$5. For sale in Ceylon, by
 J. A. WEBSTER.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE

The Great Purifier of the Blood
NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT
 AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR "COLORED, KING'S EVIL,"
 eczema, tetter, skin eruptions, Pimples,
 Pockles on the Face, Bothers, Buds, Chronic
 Ringworm, or Itch, Scald Head, enlargement
 of the Glands and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers,
 Rheumatism, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints,
 and Diseases arising from an impudious use of Mer-
 cury in Life, or impurity of the Blood.

This valuable franchise, which has become celebrated throughout the country, is being selected through an agency, has induced the proprietors to make a statement to their friends, to offer it to the public, which is made with the utmost confidence in its virtues and wonderful curative properties. The following certificate, selected from a large number, are, however, stronger testimony than the mere word of the proprietors, and are all gentlemen well known in their localities, and of highest responsibility, many of them now residing in the city of London.

P. BOYDEN, Esq., of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, known everywhere, says he has seen the Medicine cure Carter's Spanish Mixture administered in over a hundred cases.

cases, in nearly all the diseases for which it is recommended, with the most astonishingly good results. I say it is the most extraordinary medicine he has ever seen.

AGUE AND FEVER—GREAT CURE.—I hereby certify that for three years I had Ague and Fever of the most violent description. I had several Physicians, and used large quantities of Quinine, Mercury, and I believe all the remedies advertised, but all without any permanent relief. At last I tried Carter's Spanish Mixture, two bottles of which effectually cured me, and I am happy to say I had neither Chills or Fevers since. I consider it the Tonic in the world, and the only medicine that

Dr. MINGE, near Richmond, Va. JOHN LONGDORF, near Richmond, Va. C. B. LUCAS, now in the city of Richmond, for many years in the Post-Office, has such confidence in the astonishing efficacy of Carter's Spanish Mixture, he has brought upwards of 50 bottles, which he has given away to the afflicted. Mr. Lucas says he has never known it fail when taken according to directions.

DR. MINGE, a practicing Physician, and formerly of the City of Richmond, says he has used a number of instances of the efficacy of the Spanish Mixture, which were most truly surprising. In a case of Consumption, dependent on the lungs effects were wonderful indeed.

SAMUEL M. DRINKER, of the firm of Drinker & Co., Richmond, was cured of liver complaint, of 8 years' standing, by the use of two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture.

GREAT CURE OF SCHOFULA.—The Editor of the Richmond Republican has a servant employed in the press-room, cured of violent SCHOFULA, combined Rheumatism, which entirely disabled him from work. Two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture made a cure of him, and the Editor, in a public notice, says "I sincerely recommend it to all who are afflicted with any disease of the kind."

SELL ANOTHER CURE OF SCHOFULA.—The

735 VALLEY ROAD, OFF RAILROAD ST. SCOTTSVILLE BY CARTER'S APOTHECARY. Consider it a truly valuable medicine.

DR. T. L. LUKER, Practitioner on the R. F. & P. K. R. R.,
Lynchburg, Va.

SAILOR BOY OF 20 YEARS STANDING CURVED SPINE. JOHN THOMSON, residing in the city of Lynchburg, was cured by three bottles of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Sanguiferous Compound, which he had nearly 20 years. He is all the while in the city could not cure. Thompson is a well known merchant in the city of Lynchburg, Va. and is now in possession of his health.

DR. M. A. MARRIOTT, of Richmond, Va. had a second cure of Syphilis in the worst form by Carter's Symplic.

ATURE. He says he cheerfully recommends it, and

de it an invaluable medicine.
 H. H. HARRIS, West of Richmond, was cured of Syphilis and what Physicians called confirmed Gonorrhea, three bottles of Carter's Spanish Water cured him. He writes: "I used it until I felt better of the Venereal, and have seen the good effects of Carter's Spanish Water in a number of Syphilitic cases, and say it is a perfect and a horrible disease."
 W. J. HARRIS, of Richmond, Va., cured of Syphilis and Ulcers, which caused him from walking a few bottles of Carter's Spanish Water, and is now able to walk without a crutch, in a short time perfectly cured.
 The Charleston of N. WARD, of Essex, England, writes:

Books and Stationery.
FULL supply received, and for sale, at
apr17n23

ENAMELED KETTLES
 PERSON in want of Kettles for the purpose of pre-
 paring and stewing fruit will find the enameled
 just the thing. at
 July 27th 43. MARTIN